

MARITIME KIWISAVER SCHEME

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 MARCH 2018**

MARITIME KIWISAVER SCHEME

Table of Contents For the year ended 31 March 2018

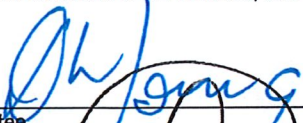
INDEX

Statement of Net Assets	Page 1
Statement of Changes in Net Assets	Page 2
Statement of Cash Flows	Page 3
Notes to the Financial Statements	Pages 4 to 9
Independent Auditor's Report	Pages 10 to 11

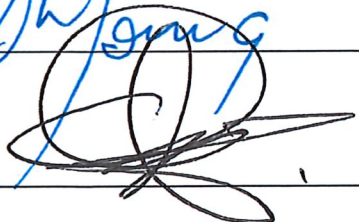
Maritime KiwiSaver Scheme
Statement of Net Assets
As at 31 March 2018
 (All amounts are in NZD unless otherwise stated)

	Note	2018	2017
Assets			
Investments in the Maritime Retirement Scheme		13,108,221	11,834,297
Total Assets		<u>13,108,221</u>	<u>11,834,297</u>
Liabilities			
Tax Payable		(107,675)	(116,962)
Total Liabilities		<u>(107,675)</u>	<u>(116,962)</u>
NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS		<u><u>13,000,546</u></u>	<u><u>11,717,335</u></u>
 LIABILITY FOR PROMISED RETIREMENT BENEFITS			
<i>Represented by:</i>		13,000,546	11,717,335
		<u>13,000,546</u>	<u>11,717,335</u>

For and on behalf of the Trustees, who authorised the issue of these financial statements on:



 Trustee



 Trustee

 Date 26/7/18

 Date 26/7/2018

The notes on pages 4 to 9 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Maritime KiwiSaver Scheme
Statement of Changes in Net Assets
For the year ended 31 March 2018
(All amounts are in NZD unless otherwise stated)

INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES	Note	2018	2017
Investment revenue			
Investment Revenue		912,088	1,063,013
Investment Expenses			
Investment Management Fees		(45,821)	(36,186)
Net Investment Revenue		<u>866,267</u>	<u>1,026,827</u>
Other Expenses			
Scheme Expenses		(38,648)	(33,825)
Change in Net Assets before Membership Activities		<u>827,619</u>	<u>993,002</u>
MEMBERSHIP ACTIVITIES			
Contributions			
Members' Contributions		728,241	763,546
Employer's Contributions		430,882	460,817
Transfers In from Seafarers KiwiSaver Scheme		-	1,827,267
Member Tax Credits		132,026	128,613
Kiwisaver Transfers In		140,692	312,186
Total Contributions		<u>1,431,841</u>	<u>3,492,429</u>
Benefits Paid			
Members' PIE Tax	6	(107,675)	(129,755)
Kiwisaver Transfers Out		(44,180)	(488,168)
Retirement		(566,159)	(257,513)
First Home Purchase		-	(116,443)
Partial withdrawals		(206,008)	(284,202)
Hardships		-	(56,887)
Withdrawal		(18,210)	-
Disablement		(24,303)	-
Death Benefit		(9,714)	(80,268)
Total Benefits Paid		<u>(976,249)</u>	<u>(1,413,236)</u>
Net Membership Activities		455,592	2,079,193
Net Increase in Net Assets During The Year		1,283,211	3,072,195
Net Assets Available for Benefits at Beginning of Year		11,717,335	8,645,140
Net Assets Available for Benefits at End of Year		<u><u>13,000,546</u></u>	<u><u>11,717,335</u></u>

The notes on pages 4 to 9 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Maritime KiwiSaver Scheme
Statement of Cash Flows
For the year ending 31 March 2018
 (All amounts are in NZD unless otherwise stated)

	Note	2018	2017
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
<i>Cash provided from</i>			
Contributions from Members and Employers		-	-
Contributions from The Crown		-	-
Kiwisaver Transfers In		-	-
Interest and Other Income		-	-
		-	-
<i>Cash applied to</i>			
Benefits Paid		-	-
Transfer out		-	-
Other Expenses		-	-
Provisional Tax paid		-	-
		-	-
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities		-	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
<i>Cash provided from</i>			
Sale of Investments		-	-
<i>Cash was applied to</i>			
Purchase of Investments		-	-
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities		-	-
		-	-
Cash at Beginning of Year		-	-
Cash at End of Year		-	-

The Scheme has no bank account, therefore there are no cash flows. Refer to Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

The notes on pages 4 to 9 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Maritime KiwiSaver Scheme

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 March 2018

1. Plan Description

The Maritime KiwiSaver Scheme (the "Scheme") is a new Scheme created under clause 28 (repealed 1 December 2016) of Schedule 4 of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 that is the amalgamation of the SRF KiwiSaver Scheme and the Waterfront Industry KiwiSaver Scheme that took effect on 31 March 2016. The Scheme is a restricted KiwiSaver scheme registered under the FMCA.

Details of membership as at 31 March 2018 were:

	Defined Contribution	Total
01 April 2017	299	299
New member	8	8
Death	(1)	(1)
Withdrawal/Resignations	(3)	(3)
Retirements	(11)	(11)
Transfers Out	(5)	(5)
31 March 2018	287	287

The Fund is a Reporting Entity under the Financial Reporting Act 2013 and is registered under the KiwiSaver Act 2006.

The Scheme is domiciled in New Zealand and the address of their registered office is c/o Melville Jessup Weaver, Level 5, 40 Mercer Street, Wellington 6142. The Administration Manager is Melville Jessup Weaver which is Incorporated and domiciled in New Zealand.

As at 31 March 2018, the Trustees of the Fund are:

David Young
Simon Brodie
Joe Fleetwood
David Scott
Ray Welson
Diane Edwards
Alan Windsor
Mike Clark
Russel Mayn
Mark Thompson

Funding arrangements

The Fund receives contributions from members and their participating employers in accordance with the terms of the Trust Deed. Each Member contributes to the Scheme any minimum contribution required by the KiwiSaver Act, subject to the provisions of the Trust Deed.

Members can choose to contribute either 3%, 4% or 8% of gross salary or wage. The Employer is required to make the following contributions:

- Waterside members: higher of 3% and such amount (if any) as agreed with the member; and
- Seafarer members: an amount equal to 4% of the member's salary or wages (as defined and in accordance with the KiwiSaver Act).

The Crown makes a member tax credit contribution up to \$10 per week, matching Member contributions during the year up to \$521. Employer contributions were required to deduct Employer Superannuation Contribution Tax ("ESCT").

Retirement benefits

Member benefits will be locked into the Scheme until the later of the date for reaching the qualifying age for New Zealand Superannuation or the date on which the Member has been a member of any KiwiSaver Scheme or a member of a complying superannuation scheme for a period of five years. The retirement benefits are determined by contributions to the Scheme together with investment earnings on these contributions over the period of membership.

Termination terms

The Trust Deed sets out the basis on which the Scheme can be terminated.

Changes in the Scheme

The previous Seafarers and Waterfront Trust Deeds have been rescinded and the replacement, dated 31 March 2016, is a Trust Deed for the Maritime KiwiSaver Scheme. The new Trust Deed facilitates the amalgamation of the Waterfront Industry KiwiSaver Scheme and SRF KiwiSaver Scheme into the new Maritime KiwiSaver Scheme and the transition to the new Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 regulatory regime.

Maritime KiwiSaver Scheme

Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont'd) For the period ended 31 March 2018

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Trust Deed governing the Scheme, the Financial Reporting Act 2013, the KiwiSaver Act 2006, and New Zealand Generally Accepted Accounting Practice ("NZ GAAP"). They comply with New Zealand equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards ("NZIFRS") and other applicable Financial Reporting Standards, as appropriate for profit-oriented entities. The financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Statement of compliance

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

Measurement base

The measurement base adopted is that of historical cost modified by the revaluation of certain assets which are measured at fair values at balance date.

Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Scheme operates.

Classification of assets and liabilities

The assets and liabilities are disclosed in the Statement of Net Assets in an order that reflects their relative liquidity.

Taxation

Under the Portfolio Investment Entity ("PIE") regime, income earned by the Scheme is attributed to all Members in accordance with the proportion of their interest in the relevant Investment Portfolio within the Scheme. The income attributed to each Member is taxed at the Member's 'prescribed investor rate' which is capped at 28%.

Income and Expenses

Income and Expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis.

Receivables

Receivables do not carry any interest and are short-term in nature and are stated at amortised cost.

Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The Scheme is not registered for GST and consequently all components of the financial statements are stated inclusive of GST where appropriate.

Statement of Cash Flows

The Scheme has no bank account. All member and employer contributions are deposited in a bank account held by Maritime Retirement Scheme ("MRS"). The money is then invested in the MRS. MRS pays the Scheme expenses, and benefits to members, in the first instance and processes redemptions from itself on behalf of the Scheme on a regular basis.

Promised Retirement Benefits

The liability for promised retirement benefits is the Scheme's present obligation to pay benefits to members and beneficiaries. It has been calculated as the difference between the carrying amounts of the assets and the carrying amounts of the liabilities as at balance date.

Contributions and Benefits

Contributions are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets when they become receivable, resulting in a financial asset. Benefits are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets when they become payable resulting in a financial

Transfers in and transfers out

Transfers in and transfers out of other schemes are accounted for on an accrual basis.

Maritime KiwiSaver Scheme

Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont'd) For the period ended 31 March 2018

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued) Financial Instruments

Classification

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Scheme's Statement of Net Assets when the Scheme becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Scheme shall offset financial assets and financial liabilities if the Scheme has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the Scheme has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and interests and intends to settle on a net basis.

Recognition and Derecognition

The Scheme recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date. Investments are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Scheme has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. All realised gains and losses on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets.

Measurement

Financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss are measured initially at fair value excluding any transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately. Subsequent to initial recognition, all instruments at fair value profit or loss are measured at fair value with changes in their fair value recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets.

Critical accounting estimates and judgements

It is possible to determine the fair values of all financial assets through prices provided by the investment managers. Therefore there are no material assumptions or major sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of making material adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities at year end. However, as with all investments their value is subject to variation due to market fluctuations. For the purposes of the fair value hierarchy of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, the Trustees have to apply their judgement as to what constitutes quoted price in an active market.

Standards and Interpretations on issue not yet adopted

At the date of authorisation of the financial report, a number of Standards and Interpretations were on issue but not yet effective.

The impact of the Standards and Interpretations not yet adopted in the Scheme's financial statements is yet to be assessed.

NZ IFRS 9 Financial Instruments - Effective from 1 January 2018, with early adoption permitted. This standard introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. All recognised financial assets that are currently in the scope of NZ IAS 39 will be measured at either amortised cost or fair value. NZ IAS 26 already requires investments to be valued at fair value, so NZ IFRS 9 will not affect the measurement of the Scheme's financial assets.

Maritime KiwiSaver Scheme

Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont'd)
For the year ended 31 March 2018

3. Accounting for Investments, Income and Expenses

The Scheme solely invests into and is a member of the Maritime Retirement Scheme. The Scheme offers two investment options, the Balanced portfolio and the Conservative portfolio. The Scheme does not prepare financial statements at the investment choice level as the liabilities of the individual investment choices are not exclusive to the assets of each investment choice. Therefore assets of one investment choice could be used to meet the liabilities of another.

The Scheme's gain/(losses) is based on the return declared by the Maritime Retirement Scheme. The investment holdings of the Scheme are a result of the contributions received and units redeemed on investments within the Maritime Retirement Scheme in addition to the gains/(losses) received on these investments.

All expenses are jointly incurred with the Maritime Retirement Scheme.

4. Liability for Promised Retirement Benefits

Changes in promised retirement benefits as at 31 March 2018:

	Member Account	Employer Account	Total 2017
	\$	\$	\$
Balance 1 April 2017	8,093,010	3,624,325	11,717,335
Contributions	1,000,959	430,882	1,431,841
Withdrawals	(831,590)	(236,985)	(868,575)
Net Income Allocated	487,049	232,896	719,945
Balance 31 March 2018	<u>8,949,427</u>	<u>4,051,119</u>	<u>13,000,546</u>

Changes in promised retirement benefits as at 31 March 2017:

	Member Account	Employer Account	Total 2017
	\$	\$	\$
Balance 1 April 2016	4,984,738	3,660,402	8,645,140
Contributions	3,022,745	469,684	3,492,429
Withdrawals	(880,468)	(403,011)	(1,283,479)
Net Income Allocated	965,995	(102,750)	863,245
Balance 31 March 2017	<u>8,093,010</u>	<u>3,624,325</u>	<u>11,717,335</u>

Guaranteed Benefits Available for Benefits

No guarantees have been made in respect of any part of the liability for promised benefits. (2017: Nil).

5. Vested Benefits

Vested benefits are benefits payable to members or beneficiaries under the conditions of the Trust Deed, on the basis of all members ceasing to be members of the Scheme at balance date.

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
	<u>13,000,546</u>	<u>11,717,335</u>

6. Taxation

The Scheme invests in Maritime Retirement Scheme ("MRS") which in turn invests in a number of funds that are Portfolio Investment Entities. For these investments, the MRS can elect to apply a Prescribed Investor Rate ("PIR") of either 0% or 28%. Taxable income calculated within the investments to which a 0% PIR is applied is taxable directly within the Scheme, with the resultant tax charge present on the face of the Statement of Changes in Net Assets as income tax expense/(credit). Taxable income calculated within the investments to which a 28% PIR is applied is taxable within those investments, with any tax deducted/credited reflected in the valuation of investments at year end, with investment returns shown gross of tax.

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Change in Net Assets before Tax and membership activities	827,619	993,002
Income Tax @ 28%	231,733	278,041
Tax effect of:		
(Non taxable Income)/Non deductible losses	(231,733)	(278,041)
PIE attributed income liability	149,740	153,789
Prior period adjustment	-	12,793
Tax Credits	(30,236)	(23,514)
Members with PIRs less than the maximum rate	(11,829)	(13,313)
Tax Expense	<u>107,675</u>	<u>129,755</u>
Tax Expense comprises:		
Current tax	107,675	116,962
Deferred tax	-	12,793
	<u>107,675</u>	<u>129,755</u>

As the Scheme is a PIE, tax payable is determined with reference to individual members' PIRs rather than payable by the Scheme at a flat rate of 28%.

Maritime KiwiSaver Scheme

Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont'd)
For the year ended 31 March 2018

7. Financial Risk Management

The Maritime KiwiSaver Scheme invests solely into and is a member of the Maritime Retirement Scheme.

The Trustees have approved a Statement of Investment Policies and Objectives which establishes investment portfolio objectives and target asset allocations. Performance against these targets is reviewed at least quarterly by the Trustees and asset reallocations undertaken as required.

Financial Instruments by Category

	As at 31 March 2018		As at 31 March 2017	
	Loans and Receivables 2018	Assets at Fair Value 2018	Loans and Receivables 2017	Assets at Fair Value 2017
Assets as per Statement of Net Assets	\$	\$	\$	\$
Investments at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	-	13,108,221	-	11,834,297
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	-	-	-
Total	-	13,108,221	-	11,834,297
	Other financial liabilities	Liabilities at fair value	Other financial liabilities	Liabilities at fair value
Liabilities as per Statement of Net Assets	\$	\$	\$	\$
Payables	107,675	-	116,962	-
Total	107,675	-	116,962	-

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: other price risk, currency risk and interest rate risk.

The Scheme is exposed directly and indirectly to foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk through its investments in the Maritime Retirement Scheme. The Scheme is exposed directly and indirectly to other price risks through its investments in the Maritime Retirement Scheme.

Risk management activities are undertaken by the Trustees to manage the market risks outlined below (i.e. Other Price Risk, Currency Risk, and Interest Rate Risk). The Trustees use the services of Melville Jessup Weaver to actively manage the cashflow according to benchmark asset allocations. The Trustees review the overall asset allocation and decide on rebalancing at certain Trustee meetings. The Trustees invite an investment manager to each Trustee meeting to discuss performance and risk.

Other Price Risk

Other price risk is the risk that the value of the Scheme's investments will increase/decrease due to a change in the prices of the Scheme's investments in the Maritime Retirement Scheme.

A ten percent decrease in the value of the Scheme's investments would have an adverse impact on the value of the Scheme's assets of \$1,310,822. Conversely, a ten percent increase in the value of the Scheme's investments would have a positive impact on the value of the Scheme's assets of \$1,310,822. The maximum exposure to other price risk is the carrying value of these financial instruments.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Scheme will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet its obligations to pay Members. Due to the nature of a KiwiSaver Scheme, it is unlikely that a significant number of members would exit at the same time. In ordinary circumstances the investment in the Maritime Retirement Scheme is readily redeemable.

Maritime KiwiSaver Scheme

Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont'd) For the year ended 31 March 2018

8. Fair value

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the financial statements represents their respective fair values, determined in accordance with the Scheme's accounting policies.

The Scheme classifies fair value measurements of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1).
- Valuation techniques using inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2).
- Valuation techniques using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

The Scheme invests solely into the Maritime Retirement Scheme. Given their investments are in investments where the fair value is determined using observable market inputs, the total investment in the Scheme has been allocated as Level 2 fair value measurement.

31 March 2018				
Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Balance
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	-	13,108,221	-	13,108,221
Total Assets		13,108,221		13,108,221

31 March 2017				
Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Balance
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	-	11,834,297	-	11,834,297
Total Assets		11,834,297		11,834,297

9. Auditor's Remuneration - Audit Fees

Audit and tax advisory services for the Scheme during the year were undertaken by Deloitte Limited. Auditor's fees consisted of the audit of the financial statements to the amount of \$8,625 and the audit of the Register to the amount of \$2,300. Taxation advisory services were provided as combined service and the fees paid to adviser amounted to \$1,955.

10. Related Parties

The Scheme holds no investments in any of the employer companies or any of its related parties and during the period had no related party transactions, except for employer contributions of \$430,882.

The Scheme is a member of and invests through the Maritime Retirement Scheme. The Scheme invests in the Maritime Retirement Scheme and the investment balance of \$13,108,221 represents the value of the KiwiSaver member account at year-end. The Maritime Retirement Scheme pays secretarial fees to the Trustee, trustee liability insurance and reimburses the Trustees' costs for travelling, etc. During the year, the Trustee fees were \$146,948 (2017: \$120,012). Trustee fees have been proportionally allocated to Maritime KiwiSaver Scheme and included in Scheme's expenses.

11. Events after Balance date

There have been no material events after balance date that require adjustment to, or disclosure in, the financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of Maritime KiwiSaver Scheme

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Maritime KiwiSaver Scheme (the 'Scheme'), which comprise the Statement of Net Assets as at 31 March 2018, and the Statement of Changes in Net Assets and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements, on pages 1 to 9, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Scheme as at 31 March 2018, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with New Zealand Equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards ('NZ IFRS') and International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS').

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ('ISAs') and International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) ('ISAs (NZ)'). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

We are independent of the Scheme in accordance with Professional and Ethical Standard 1 (Revised) *Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants*, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Other than in our capacity as auditor and the provision of taxation compliance assistance and other assurance services, we have no relationship with or interests in the Scheme. These services have not impaired our independence as auditor of the Scheme.

Other information

The Trustees are responsible on behalf of the Scheme for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Annual Report that accompanies the financial statements and the audit report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the other information in the Annual Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to the Trustees and consider further appropriate actions.

Trustees' responsibilities for the financial statements

The Trustees are responsible on behalf of the Scheme for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with NZ IFRS and IFRS, and for such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustees are responsible on behalf of the Scheme for assessing the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustees either intend to liquidate the Scheme or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and ISAs (NZ) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the External Reporting Board's website at:

<https://www.xrb.govt.nz/standards-for-assurance-practitioners/auditors-responsibilities/audit-report-6>

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Restriction on use

This report is made solely to the Scheme's members, as a body. Our audit has been undertaken so that we might state to the Scheme's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Scheme's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Deloitte Limited

**Silvio Bruinsma, Partner
for Deloitte Limited**
Wellington, New Zealand
26 July 2018

